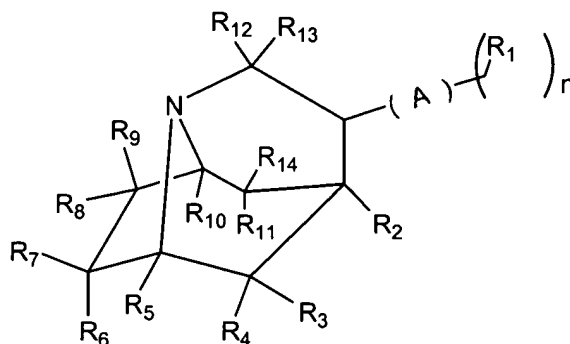


In the claims

1. (currently amended) A compound represented by formula (I):



(I)

wherein,

A is either a double bond or a single bond, n is 2 or 3, and each occurrence of R_1 is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

R_2 - R_{13} each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, $[-C(O)R_8]$, $-C(O)R_{15}$, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, $-N_3$, $[-C(R_8)=NR_8]$, $-N=C(R_8)_2$, $-C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$, $[-C(R_{15})=NR_{15}]$, $-N=C(R_{15})_2$, $-C(O)N(R_{15})_2$, $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$, $-SO_2R$, silyl, $-R_{16}OR_{15}$, $-SR_{15}$, and $-CO_2R_{15}$ $[-R_9OR_8$, $-SR_8$, and $-CO_2R_8]$;

R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$, $-OC(O)R_{15}$, $O-R_{17}$, $[-R_9C(O)OR$, $-OC(O)R$, $O-R_{15}]$ wherein R_{17} $[[R_{15}]]$ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; $-R_{16}(O)CR_{15}$; $-C(R_{15})=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; $-R_{16}C(O)H$; $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$; $[-R_9(O)CR_8$; $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; $-R_9C(O)H$; $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2]$ and silyl;

R_{15} $[[R_8]]$ represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

R₁₆ [[R₉]] represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

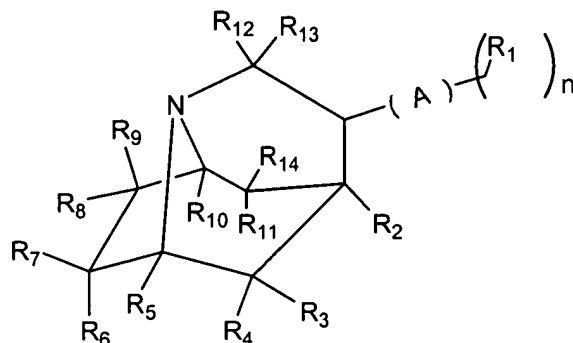
Q₁ represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q₂ represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR₁₅; [[NR₈];]

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

2. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of R₁ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl; A is a double bond; n = 2; at least one occurrence of R₁ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; R₂-R₁₃ each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R₁₄ is -R₁₆C(O)OR₁₅ or -OC(O)R₁₅ [[-R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R]].
3. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of R₁ is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, ~~alkoxy~~, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and either one or two occurrences of R₁ represent hydrogen.
4. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 1, wherein A is a double bond; n = 2; and one occurrence of R₁ is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, ~~methoxy~~, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl, and the second occurrence of R₁ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
5. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of R₁ is 4-methoxy-phenyl, one occurrence of R₁ is hydrogen; R₂-R₁₃ each represent hydrogen; and R₁₄ represents -R₁₆C(O)OR₁₅ or -OC(O)R₁₅ [[-R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R]].
6. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of R₁ is phenyl, one occurrence of R₁ is hydrogen, R₂-R₁₃ each represent hydrogen, and R₁₄ represents -R₁₆C(O)OR₁₅ or -OC(O)R₁₅ [[-R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R]].

7. **(currently amended)** A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula **(I)**:



(I)

wherein,

A is either a double bond or a single bond, n is 2 or 3, and each occurrence of R_1 is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

R_2 - R_{13} each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, $[-C(O)R_8]$, $-C(O)R_{15}$, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, $-N_3$, $[-C(R_8)=NR_8]$, $-N=C(R_8)_2$, $-C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$, $[-C(R_{15})=NR_{15}]$, $-N=C(R_{15})_2$, $-C(O)N(R_{15})_2$, $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$, $-SO_2R$, silyl, $-R_{16}OR_{15}$, $-SR_{15}$, and $-CO_2R_{15}$ $[-R_9OR_8$, $-SR_8$, and $-CO_2R_8]$;

R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$, $-OC(O)R_{15}$, $O-R_{17}$, $[-R_9C(O)OR$, $-OC(O)R$, $O-R_{15}]$, wherein R_{17} $[[R_{15}]]$ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; $-R_{16}(O)CR_{15}$; $-C(R_{15})=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; $-R_{16}C(O)H$; $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$; $[-R_9(O)CR_8$; $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; $-R_9C(O)H$; $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$]; and silyl;

R_{15} $[[R_8]]$ represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

\underline{R}_{16} $[[R_9]]$ represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

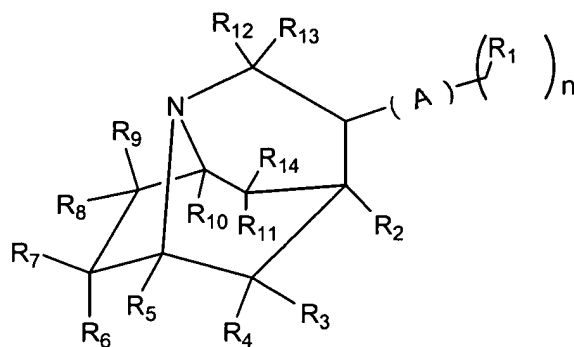
Q_1 represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q_2 represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or \underline{NR}_{15} ; $[[NR_8;]]$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and

a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

8. **(currently amended)** The pharmaceutical composition of claim 7, wherein one occurrence of R_1 is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl; A is a double bond; $n = 2$; at least one occurrence of R_1 is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; and R_2 - R_{13} each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R_{14} is $\underline{-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}}$ or $\underline{-OC(O)R_{15}}$ $[[\underline{-R_9C(O)OR}$ or $\underline{-OC(O)R}]]$.
9. **(currently amended)** The pharmaceutical composition of claim 7, wherein one occurrence of R_1 is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, ~~alkoxy~~, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and one or two occurrences of R_1 represent hydrogen.
10. **(currently amended)** The pharmaceutical composition of claim 7, wherein A is a double bond; $n = 2$; and one occurrence of R_1 is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, ~~methoxy~~, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl, and the second occurrence of R_1 is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
11. **(currently amended)** A method for treating a disorder caused by a deficiency in monoamine concentration in a human comprising administering a therapeutically effective dose of a compound of formula **(I)**:



(I)

wherein,

A is either a double bond or a single bond, n is 2 or 3, and each occurrence of R_1 is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

R_2 - R_{13} each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, $[-C(O)R_8]$, $-C(O)R_{15}$, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, $-N_3$, $[-C(R_8)=NR_8]$, $-N=C(R_8)_2$, $-C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$, $-C(R_{15})=NR_{15}$, $-N=C(R_{15})_2$, $-C(O)N(R_{15})_2$, $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$, $-SO_2R$, silyl, $-R_{16}OR_{15}$, $-SR_{15}$, and $-CO_2R_{15}$ $[-R_9OR_8$, $-SR_8$, and $-CO_2R_8]$;

R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$, $-OC(O)R_{15}$, $O-R_{17}$, $[-R_9C(O)OR$, $-OC(O)R$, $O-R_{15}$,] wherein R_{17} $[[R_{15}]]$ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; $-R_{16}(O)CR_{15}$; $-C(R_{15})=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; $-R_{16}C(O)H$; $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$; $[-R_9(O)CR_8$; $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; $-R_9C(O)H$; $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$]; and silyl;

R_{15} $[[R_8]]$ represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

R_{16} $[[R_9]]$ represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

Q_1 represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

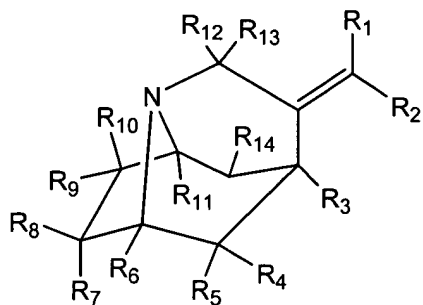
Q₂ represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR₁₅; [[NR₈];]

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

12. **(currently amended)** The method of claim 11, wherein one occurrence of R₁ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl; A is a double bond; n = 2; at least one occurrence of R₁ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; and R₂-R₁₃ each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R₁₄ is -R₁₆C(O)OR₁₅ or -OC(O)R₁₅ [[-R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R]].
13. **(currently amended)** The method of claim 11, wherein one occurrence of R₁ is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, ~~alkoxy~~, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and one or two occurrences of R₁ represent hydrogen.
14. **(currently amended)** The method of claim 11, wherein A is a double bond; n = 2; and one occurrence of R₁ is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, ~~methoxy~~, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl, and the second occurrence of R₁ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
15. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 11, wherein said disorder in a human is associated with a deficiency in the concentration of serotonin or norepinephrine.
16. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 11, wherein said disorder in a human is selected from the group consisting of depression, substance addiction, neurodegenerative disease, Attention Deficit Disorder, Huntington's Disease, and bipolar disorder.
17. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 16, wherein said disorder in a human is Parkinson's Disease or Alzheimer's Disease.
18. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 16, wherein said substance addiction is cocaine addiction.

Claims 19-26. **(Canceled)**

27. (currently amended) A compound represented by formula (II):



(II)

wherein,

R_1 and R_2 each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

R_3 - R_{13} each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, $[-C(O)R_8]$, $-C(O)R_{15}$, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, $-N_3$, $[-C(R_8)=NR_8]$, $-N=C(R_8)_2$, $-C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$,] $-C(R_{15})=NR_{15}$; $-N=C(R_{15})_2$, $-C(O)N(R_{15})_2$, $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$, $-SO_2R$, silyl, $-R_{16}OR_{15}$, $-SR_{15}$, and $-CO_2R_{15}$ $[-R_9OR_8$, $-SR_8$, and $-CO_2R_8]$;

R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$, $-OC(O)R_{15}$, $O-R_{17}$, $[-R_9C(O)OR$, $-OC(O)R$, $O-R_{15}$,] wherein R_{17} $[[R_{15}]]$ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; $-R_{16}(O)CR_{15}$; $-C(R_{15})=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; $-R_{16}C(O)H$; $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$; $[-R_9(O)CR_8$; $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; $-R_9C(O)H$; $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$;] and silyl;

R_{15} $[[R_8]]$ represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

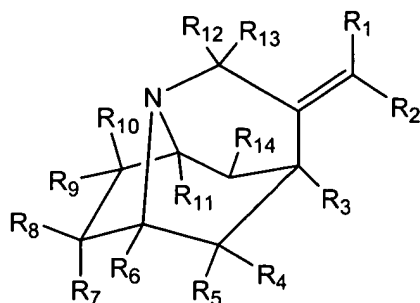
R_{16} $[[R_9]]$ represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

Q_1 represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q_2 represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR_{15} ; $[[NR_8]]$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

28. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 27, wherein R_1 is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R_2 is hydrogen, or R_2 is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R_1 is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; R_3 - R_{13} each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R_{14} is $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$ or $-OC(O)R_{15}$ [$[-R_9C(O)OR$ or $-OC(O)R]$].
29. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 27, wherein R_1 is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, ~~alkoxy~~, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R_2 is hydrogen; or R_2 is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R_1 is hydrogen.
30. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 27, wherein R_1 is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, ~~methoxy~~, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl; and R_2 is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
31. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 27, wherein R_1 is 4-methoxy-phenyl, R_2 is hydrogen, R_3 - R_{13} each represent hydrogen, and R_{14} is $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$ or $-OC(O)R_{15}$ [$[-R_9C(O)OR$ or $-OC(O)R]$].
32. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 27, wherein R_1 is phenyl, R_2 is hydrogen, R_3 - R_{13} each represent hydrogen, and R_{14} is $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$ or $-OC(O)R_{15}$ [$[-R_9C(O)OR$ or $-OC(O)R]$].
33. **(currently amended)** A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula **(II)**:



(II)

wherein,

R_1 and R_2 each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

R_3 - R_{13} each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, $[-C(O)R_8]$, $-C(O)R_{15}$, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, $-N_3$, $[-C(R_8)=NR_8]$, $-N=C(R_8)_2$, $-C(O)N(R_8)_2$, $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$, $-C(R_{15})=NR_{15}$, $-N=C(R_{15})_2$, $-C(O)N(R_{15})_2$, $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$, $-SO_2R$, silyl, $-R_{16}OR_{15}$, $-SR_{15}$, and $-CO_2R_{15}$ $[-R_9OR_8$, $-SR_8$, and $-CO_2R_8]$;

R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$, $-OC(O)R_{15}$, $O-R_{17}$, $[-R_9C(O)OR$, $-OC(O)R$, $O-R_{15}$,] wherein R_{17} $[[R_{15}]]$ is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; $-R_{16}(O)CR_{15}$; $-C(R_{15})=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; $-R_{16}C(O)H$; $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$; $[-R_9(O)CR_8$; $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; $-R_9C(O)H$; $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$;] and silyl;

R_{15} $[[R_8]]$ represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

R_{16} $[[R_9]]$ represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

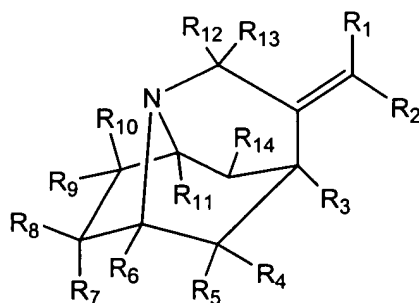
Q_1 represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q_2 represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR_{15} $[[NR_8]]$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and

a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

34. **(currently amended)** The pharmaceutical composition of claim 33, wherein R_1 is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R_2 is hydrogen, or R_2 is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R_1 is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; R_3 - R_{13} each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R_{14} is $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$ or $-OC(O)R_{15}$ $[[-R_9C(O)OR$ or $-OC(O)R]]$.
35. **(currently amended)** The pharmaceutical composition of claim 33, wherein R_1 is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, ~~alkoxy~~, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R_2 is hydrogen; or R_2 is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R_1 is hydrogen.
36. **(currently amended)** The pharmaceutical composition of claim 33, wherein R_1 is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, ~~methoxy~~, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl; and R_2 is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
37. **(currently amended)** A method for treating a disorder caused by a deficiency in monoamine concentration in a human comprising administering a therapeutically effective dose of a compound of formula (II):



(II)

wherein,

R₁ and R₂ each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

R₃-R₁₃ each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, [[-C(O)R₈]] -C(O)R₁₅, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, -N₃, [[-C(R₈)=NR₈; -N=C(R₈)₂, -C(O)N(R₈)₂, -Q₂-P(Q₁)(OR₈)₂,]] -C(R₁₅)=NR₁₅; -N=C(R₁₅)₂, -C(O)N(R₁₅)₂, -Q₂-P(Q₁)(OR₁₅)₂, -SO₂R, silyl, -R₁₆OR₁₅, -SR₁₅, and -CO₂R₁₅ [[-R₉OR₈, -SR₈, and -CO₂R₈]];

R₁₄ is selected from the group consisting of -R₁₆C(O)OR₁₅, -OC(O)R₁₅, O-R₁₇, [[-R₉C(O)OR, -OC(O)R, O-R₁₅,]] wherein R₁₇ [[R₁₅]] is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; -R₁₆(O)CR₁₅; -C(R₁₅)=N(OH); carboxylic acid; -R₁₆C(O)H; -Q₂-P(Q₁)(OR₁₅)₂; [[-R₉(O)CR₈; -C(R₈)=N(OH); carboxylic acid; -R₉C(O)H; -Q₂-P(Q₁)(OR₈)₂]] and silyl;

R₁₅ [[R₈]] represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

R₁₆ [[R₉]] represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

Q₁ represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q₂ represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR₁₅; [[NR₈]]

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

38. **(currently amended)** The method of claim 37, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R₂ is hydrogen, or R₂ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R₁ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; R₃-R₁₃ each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R₁₄ is -R₁₆C(O)OR₁₅ or -OC(O)R₁₅ [[-R₉C(O)OR or -OC(O)R]].

39. **(currently amended)** The method of claim 37, wherein either R_1 is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, ~~alkoxy~~, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R_2 is hydrogen; or R_2 is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R_1 is hydrogen.
40. **(currently amended)** The method of claim 37, wherein R_1 is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, ~~methoxy~~, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl; and R_2 is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
41. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 37, wherein said disorder in a human is associated with a deficiency in the concentration of serotonin or norepinephrine.
42. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 37, wherein said disorder in a human is selected from the group consisting of depression, substance addiction, neurodegenerative disease, Attention Deficit Disorder, Huntington's Disease, and bipolar disorder.
43. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 42, wherein said disorder in a human is Parkinson's Disease or Alzheimer's Disease.
44. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 42, wherein said substance addiction is cocaine addiction.

Claims 45-59. **(Canceled)**